

Question:

- **Which one of the following is NOT considered a pesticide?**
 - **A. Rat bait**
 - **B. Weed killer**
 - **C. Cleaning agent**
 - **D. Insect repellent**

Answer:

- **C. Cleaning agent**
- **Products that do not make claims to control, kill, mitigate or repel a pest are generally not considered pesticides.**

Question:

- **What does FIFRA stand for and what does it do?**

Answer:

- **The Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act. It is the federal law that regulates pesticides in the United States.**

Question:

- FIFRA requires that all registered pesticides be classified as

_____ or

_____ ?

Answer:

- FIFRA requires that all registered pesticides be classified as General Use or Restricted Use Pesticides?

Question:

- **What is a pesticide label?**
 - a. A legal document.
 - b. Paperwork that tell the pesticide user how to correctly use the pesticide.
 - c. Suggested uses for the pesticide product.
 - d. both a and b.

Answer:

d. Both a. and b.

–a. A legal document.

–b. Paperwork that tell the pesticide user how to correctly use the pesticide.

Question:

- If your sprayer emits 1 pint per minute and your spray job will take two hours, how many gallons will you spray?
 - a. 15 gallons
 - b. 60 gallons
 - c. 120 gallons
 - d. 128 gallons

Answer:

- **a. 15 gallons**

- **1 pint x 120 minutes = 120 pints per 2 hr. period**

- **120 pints divided by 8 pints per gallon = 15 gallons**

Question:

- **What are the three signal words that may appear on a pesticide label in order of toxicity?**

Answer:

- **Danger - Highest Toxicity**
- **Warning - Moderate Toxicity**
- **Caution - Lowest Toxicity**

Question:

- **What is a Pre Harvest Interval (PHI)?**

Answer:

- **The amount of time required between the last application and the time of harvest.**

Question:

- **Chronic toxicity is:**
 - a. How poisonous a pesticide is after several small repeated doses over a period of time.
 - b. How poisonous a pesticide is after single or limited exposure.
 - c. Severe poisoning that occurs after a single or limited exposure.
 - d. All of the above.

Answer:

- **a. How poisonous a pesticide is after several small repeated doses over a period of time**

Question:

- **What is an adjuvant?**
 - **a. A surfactant**
 - **b. A deposition aid**
 - **c. A buffering agent**
 - **d. All of the above**

Answer:

- **D. All of the above**
- **Adjuvants are non pesticide products added to the pesticide to make it work better.**
 - **Surfactants, deposition aids, and buffering agents are examples of adjuvants.**

Question:

- **Acute toxicity is:**
 - a. **How poisonous a pesticide is after several small repeated doses over a period of time.**
 - b. **How poisonous a pesticide is after single or limited exposure.**
 - c. **A lethal poisoning that occurs after a single or limited exposure.**
 - d. **All of the above.**

Answer:

- **b. How poisonous a pesticide is after single or limited exposure.**

Question:

- **What is biological control?**
 - **a. The use of plant breeding to prevent pests.**
 - **b. The use of living organisms to control pests.**
 - **c. The use of organic pesticides to control or repel a pest**
 - **d. All of the above.**

Answer:

- **b. The use of living organisms to control pests.**

Question:

- **What is an EPA Establishment number?**

Answer:

- **A number assigned to a specific pesticide production facility.**
- **The number is found on the product label.**

Example: EPA Est. No. 2937-OR-01

Question:

- **What is an EPA Registration number?**

Answer:

- A number assigned by EPA to a pesticide product when it is registered.

Example: EPA Reg. No. 2983-291

Primary registrant

Product ID

Example: EPA Reg. No. 2983-291-12937

Distributor No.

Question:

- **The most common way pesticides enter the body is through the:**
 - a. **Mouth**
 - b. **Nose/inhalation**
 - c. **Eyes**
 - d. **Skin**

Answer:

- **d. Skin**

Question:

- **If you make an application to a site or at a rate NOT on the product label, you are in violation of?**
 - **a. State law**
 - **b. Federal law**
 - **c. No laws, but I could be subject to a lawsuit.**
 - **d. a. and b.**

Answer:

- **d. a. and b.**
 - **a. State law**
 - **b. Federal law**

Question:

- **Fungicides are used to control?**
 - **a. Vegetation**
 - **b. Insects**
 - **c. Diseases**
 - **d. Slugs**

Answer:

- **c. Diseases**

Question:

- **Name the 4 times you should read the pesticide label (must be in order).**

Answer:

- **Before you buy the pesticide.**
- **Before you mix the pesticide.**
- **Before you apply the pesticide.**
- **Before you store or dispose of the pesticide.**

Question:

- You have some questions about some label language. Who should you call for an interpretation of the label statements?
 - a. EPA
 - b. ODA
 - c. Your neighbor
 - d. The retail location where it was purchased.

Answer:

- **b. ODA**

- It is best to call the State lead agency to see how they would interpret the label statement(s) if they were to take enforcement action.
- ODA may contact EPA for input.

Question:

- **What is the difference between a general use pesticide and a restricted use pesticide?**

Answer:

- **Anyone can purchase a general use pesticide.**
- **People who use or supervise the use of restricted use pesticides must be certified and licensed due to either the high toxicity or environmental hazards associated with that pesticide**