1. Name two "point" sources of pollution. 
   Factories and municipal sewage plants (p. 115)

3. What is "nonpoint" source pollution? What are some examples? 
   Pollution that originates from many relatively small, widespread sources. Examples include 
   soil, pesticides, oil, manure, soap, and fertilizers (p. 115).

3. Name at least two environmentally sound gardening techniques. 
   • Reduce the use of potentially dangerous materials around the yard (p. 117). 
   • Minimize water runoff (p. 117). 
   • Reduce soil erosion by using groundcovers, mulches, and cover crops (p. 119). 
   • Choose and site plants properly so they require minimal inputs of chemicals and water 
     (pp. 117, 462-463). 
   • Reduce the use of chemical fertilizers (p. 118). 
   • Time fertilizer applications correctly (p. 118). 
   • Use garden wastes as a mulch or in compost (p. 119 and Chapter 5). 
   • Water efficiently (p. 120). 
   • Practice integrated pest management (IPM) (p. 121 and Chapter 20).

4. Can herbicide-treated grass be used as a mulch on a garden within a year of cutting? 
   No (p. 119)

5. For pest management, which of the following are considered least toxic materials? (Mark all 
   correct answers.) 
   (a) Bacillus thuringiensis (Bt) (pp. 121, 449-450) 
   (c) Insecticidal soap (pp. 121, 451) 
   (e) Horticultural oils (pp. 121, 451)